Key Lessons from Donor Committee Conference on Business Development Services for Small Enterprises

- Performance Criteria
- Focus on Market Development (supply & demand)
- Focus on Products Not Just Institutions
- Information Is a Critical Constraint
- Partnerships with Private Sector
- Performance-based Approach

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA FOR EVALUATING EXPERIENCE

- Sustainability (financial, institutional, impact)
 Outreach (scale, reaching target groups)
- Impact (on enterprise, market, sector)
- Cost-effectiveness (providing services of acceptable quality at minimum cost)

All are important, though relative importance may vary by market segment, sector, and type of service

Issue: Views differ on how to apply

NEED TO DEVELOP MARKETS

OLD ASSUMPTIONS

- No market
- MSEs can't pay
- State/donor must provide service directly

NEW PARADIGM

- Understand existing informal, indigenous markets
- Lack of appropriate products, information, skills, capacity
- Facilitate transactions between potential demanders and suppliers in the private sector

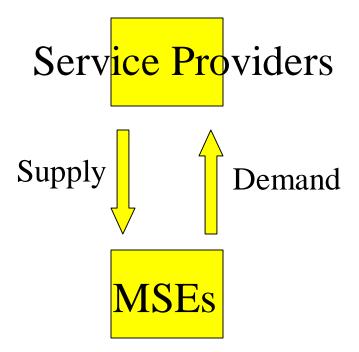
FOCUS ON MARKET DEVELOPMENT (Supply and Demand)

 Old approach: Direct provision distorted markets, displaced private providers

Problem: Low sustainability, cost-effectiveness, outreach

- New approach: Facilitate, stimulate rather than provide services directly
- Segment market and know the clients well (micro/small/medium enterprise; subsector)
- Broad view of business development services (all services needed to improve competitiveness, including financial, communications, office services, etc.)

Weak Market



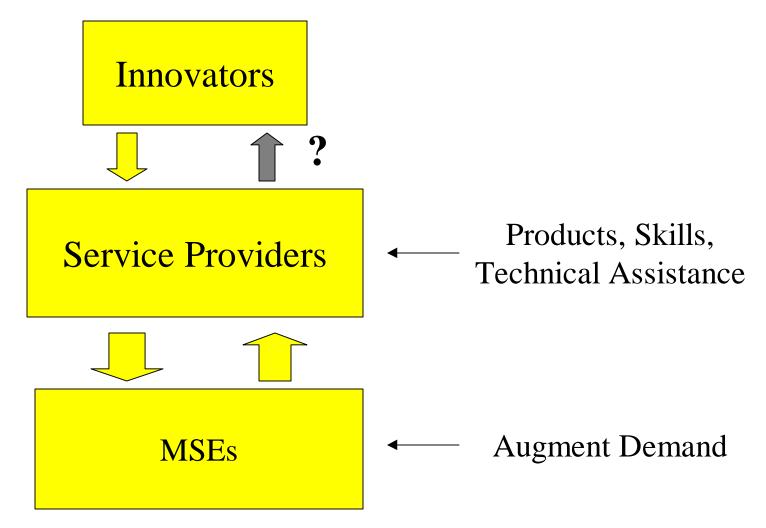
Old Approach: Replace Market

Government/Donor
Program

Service Providers

MSEs

New Approach: Develop Market



FOCUS ON PRODUCTS NOT JUST INSTITUTIONS

- Develop innovative products that serve different market niches profitably to facilitate competition among service providers
- Issue: Sustainability focus may bias toward larger enterprises
- Challenge: Develop low-cost products suited to low-income microenterprises (mass market)

INFORMATION IS A CRITICAL CONSTRAINT

- MSEs lack knowledge (or perceive high risk) of payoff from investing in BDS
 - Demonstration effect of successful cases helps change business culture and justify subsidies
 - MSEs learn horizontally from each other
- MSEs will pay for specific information leading to business transactions:
 - market information
 - technology information

Issue: Still may not be fully financially sustainable

PARTNERSHIP WITH PRIVATE SECTOR

• Being "business-like and demand-led" implies: work with for-profit private service providers

• Issues:

- Subsidizing select few may create unfair competition
- Role of government

• Challenges:

- Develop transactional relationship rather than donor-"beneficiary"
- Suitable public-private partnerships for market facilitation, networking

PRIVATE PROVIDERS MUST HAVE FINANCING STRATEGY

Long term

- Profits from services to MSEs
- Contracts/consultancies in main line of business
- Underwriting by supplier, buyer, others with stake in BDS
- Cross-subsidize (across firm size, across different products)
- Income from non-BDS activities
- Donor or government funding

Short term

PERFORMANCE-BASED APPROACH

• Transactional, business-like relationships imply: must evaluate performance

• Issues:

- Relative weights on different performance criteria
- What does sustainability imply about impact?
- Who pays cost of collecting data?

• Challenges:

- Standardization
- Define quantifiable indicators that can be gathered systematically at reasonable cost
- Donor working group will develop proposals